**Gyproc WallBoard 4TE**

**Product Data Sheet**

**Introduction**
Suitable for most applications where normal fire, structural and acoustic levels are specified. Suitable for direct decoration or Thistle plaster finish.

**Product description**
Standard board product. Gyproc WallBoard 4TE consists of an aerated gypsum core encased in, and firmly bonded to, strong paper liners. Gyproc WallBoard 4TE is a plasterboard that is suitable for drylining internal surfaces.

Designed for use in high specification public spaces that feature large wall and ceiling surfaces such as atriums that are subject to strong, direct lighting.

This plasterboard is one of the products within our plasterboard range that is certified to BES 6001 achieving a rating of 'Excellent'.

**Board performance**

**Fire protection**
Plasterboard linings provide good fire protection owing to the unique behaviour of the non-combustible gypsum core when subjected to high temperatures. For the purposes of the national Building Regulations, plasterboard is designated a ‘material of limited combustibility’ (Approved Document B). The surfaces of Gyproc WallBoard 4TE are designated Class 0 (for the purposes of national Building Regulations).

**Fire resistance**
Gyproc WallBoard 4TE is offered as a non-performance board in terms of its resistance to fire, and is not listed within the White Book system sections. For technical advice on the use of Gyproc WallBoard 4TE within projects, please contact British Gypsum Technical Advice Centre 0844 800 1991.

**Thermal conductivity**

- **Gyproc WallBoard 4TE - 0.19W/mK**

**Effect of temperature**
Gyproc WallBoard 4TE is unsuitable for use in areas subject to continuously damp or humid conditions and must not be used to isolate dampness. Plasterboards are not suitable for use in temperatures above 49°C, but can be subjected to freezing conditions without risk of damage.

**Effect of condensation**
The thermal insulation and ventilation requirements of national Building Regulations aim to reduce the risk of condensation and mould growth in new buildings. However, designers should take care to eliminate all possibility of problems caused by condensation, particularly in refurbishment projects.

**Board colour**
- Ivory face paper
- Brown reverse side paper

**Board printing**
- Face - none.
- Reverse - standard and certification.

**Board range**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Width mm</th>
<th>Length mm</th>
<th>Edge type</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>12.5mm Board</td>
<td>1200</td>
<td>Kg/m² = ( $0.05 \times m²K/W) = 0.07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2400</td>
<td>4T/E</td>
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T/E = Tapered Edge S/E = Square Edge

**Board types**

- **T/E** - with Gyproc jointing materials for taped and filled joints.
Application and installation

General
It is important to observe appropriate health and safety legislation when working on site i.e. personal protective clothing and equipment, etc. The following notes are intended as general guidance only. In practice, consideration must be given to design criteria requiring specific project solutions.

Handling
Manual off-loading of this product should be carried out with care to avoid unnecessary strain. For further information please refer to the Manual Handling section of the Site Book or Manual Handling Guide, available to download from british-gypsum.com

Cutting
This product may be cut using a plasterboard saw or by scoring with a sharp knife and snapping the board over a straight edge. Holes for switch or socket boxes should be cut out before the boards are fixed using a utility saw or sharp knife. When cutting boards, power and hand tools should be used with care and in accordance with the manufacturers’ recommendations. Power tools should only be used by people who have been instructed and trained to use them safely. Appropriate personal protective equipment should be used.

Fixing
Fix boards with decorative side out to receive joint treatment or a skim plaster finish. Lightly butt boards together. Never force boards into position. Install fixings not closer than 13mm from cut edges and 10mm from bound edges. Position cut edges to internal angles whenever possible, removing paper burrs with fine sandpaper. Stagger horizontal and vertical board joints between layers by a minimum of 600mm. Locate boards to the centre line of framing where this supports board edges or ends.

Jointing
Gyproc jointing materials produce durable joint reinforcement and a smooth, continuous, crack-resistant surface ready for priming and final decoration. A number of jointing specifications are available to suit the board type, method of application, and site preference.

Decoration
After the joint treatment has dried, decoration, including any decorator’s preparatory work, should follow with the minimum delay.

Product standards
EN 14190: 2014 Gypsum plasterboard, products for reprocessing, definitions, requirements and test methods.
Maintenance

Repair

Minor damage - Lightly sand the surface to remove burrs and fill flush with Gyproc Easi-Fill or Gyproc Easi-Fill 45, or two applications of Gyproc Joint Cement. When dry, apply Gyproc Drywall Primer or Gyproc Drywall Sealer to leave the surface ready for decoration.

Deep indents resulting from impact - Check the plasterboard core to ensure that it is not shattered. If intact, apply a coat of Gyproc Joint Filler, or Gyproc Easi-Fill or Gyproc Easi-Fill 45, followed by the procedure for repairing minor damage as outlined above, once set / dry.

Damaged core and / or broken edges (non-performance situations only) - Remove the damaged area of core. Score the liner approximately 10mm away from the sound plaster around the damaged area, and peel the paper liner away. Apply Thistle GypPrime or PVA to seal the core and surrounding liner. Bulk fill the hole with a stiff mix of Gyproc Easi-Fill or Gyproc Easi-Fill 45, or Gyproc Joint Filler, and strike off flush. Apply Gyproc Easi-Fill or Gyproc Easi-Fill 45, or two applications of Gyproc Joint Cement, once the filler is set / dry. When dry, apply Gyproc Drywall Primer or Gyproc Drywall Sealer (only suitable in non-performance situations).

Extensive damage - When the damage is more extensive, it may be necessary to replace that area of plasterboard. It is important that the replacement board is of the same type as specified and installed. Cut out the affected area back to the nearest framing member. Replace the plasterboard, accurately cutting and screw fixing the same type and thickness of plasterboard. Fill edge joints, then tape and finish in recommended way. Treat the finished surface with Gyproc Drywall Primer or two coats of Gyproc Sealer, if previously specified for vapour control purposes. Redecorate as required.

NB: It is essential that repairs are made ‘like for like’ if the finish is skim plaster, jointing materials must not be used in the repair.

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