



The Building Test Centre

Fire Acoustics Structures

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Report Number **BTC 11512A**

ACOUSTIC TEST REPORT COVERING A TEST TO
BS EN ISO 140-3:1995 ON A GYPROC GYPWALL™
PARTITION CONSISTING OF A DOUBLE LAYER OF
12.5mm GYPROC FIRELINE BOARD USING GYPROC
70mm UN-RIGIDISED GYPROC ACOUSTIC STUDS WITH
25mm ISOWOOL 1200 IN THE CAVITY.

Test Date: 4th May 2001

Customer: **British Gypsum Ltd.**
East Leake
Loughborough
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Customer: **British Gypsum Ltd.**

BTC 11512A: Page 1 of 9



No. 0296



ACOUSTIC TEST REPORT COVERING A TEST TO BS EN ISO 140-3:1995 ON A GYPROC GYPWALL™ PARTITION CONSISTING OF A DOUBLE LAYER OF 12.5mm GYPROC FIRELINE BOARD USING GYPROC 70mm UN-RIGIDISED GYPROC ACOUSTIC STUDS WITH 25mm ISOWOOL 1200 IN THE CAVITY.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

FOREWORD	3
REPORT AUTHORISATION	3
TEST CONSTRUCTION	4
TEST MATERIALS	5
Gyproc Fireline	5
Metal components	5
Insulation	5
Fasteners	5
TEST PROCEDURE	6
TEST RESULTS	6
LIMITATIONS	6
APPENDIX A: TEST DATA	7
APPENDIX B: TEST METHOD AND CONDITIONS	9

FOREWORD

This test report details a sound insulation test conducted on a sheet and stud partition system. The test sponsor was British Gypsum Limited.

The test specimen was installed by British Gypsum Limited. The construction of the specimen took place on the 3rd May 2001.

REPORT AUTHORISATION

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TEST CONSTRUCTION

Gyproc 72C50 metal channel was screw fixed at 600mm centres to the head and the base of the test aperture using 25mm Gyproc Drywall screws. The un-rigidised Gyproc 70mm acoustic studs were inserted between the head and base channels at 600mm centres. A double layer of 12.5mm Gyproc Fireline board was screw fixed to either side of the partition. The inner layer was screw fixed at 300mm centres around the perimeter using 25mm Gyproc Drywall screws, and the outer layer was screw fixed at 300mm centres around the perimeter and to the intermediate stud positions using 42mm Gyproc Drywall screws.

25mm Isowool 1200 insulation was placed in the cavity between the studs.

The perimeter of the partition was sealed to the test aperture with Gyproc sealant. The board joints and screw heads were covered with Gyproc adhesive tape.

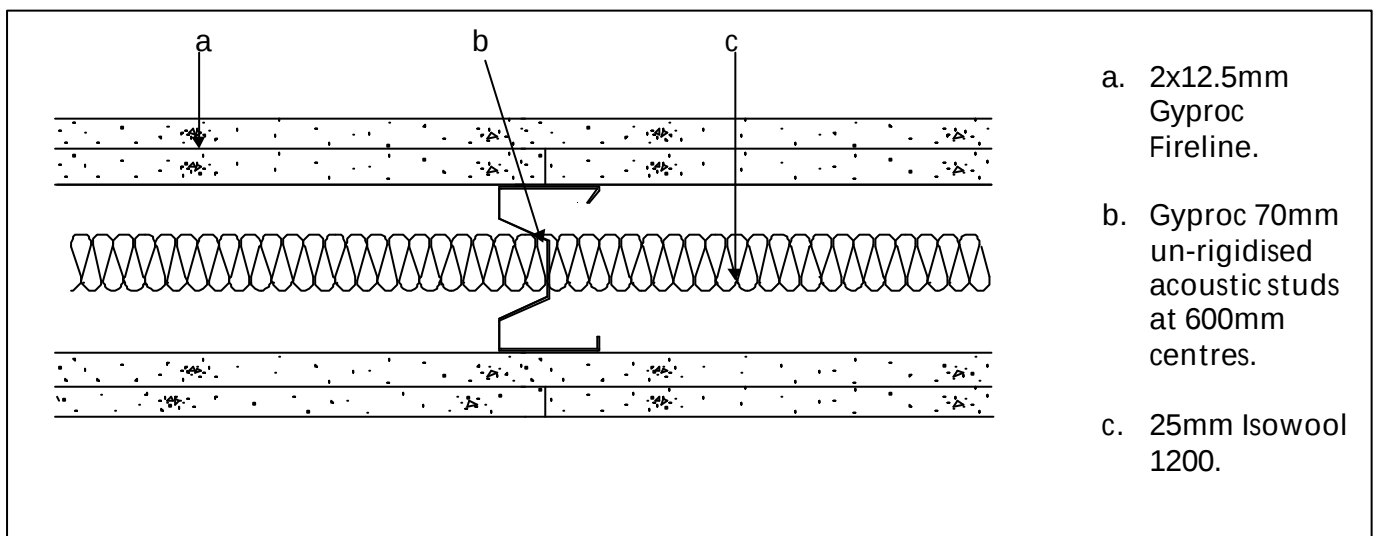


Figure 1. Cross-section through the partition.

The descriptions of individual components making up the test specimen were provided by the customer and were checked for accuracy wherever possible.

TEST MATERIALS

Gyproc Fireline

Nominally 2700mm (long) x 1200mm (wide) x 12.5mm (thick) Gyproc Fireline Board manufactured by British Gypsum Limited ex East Leake works.

Average surface density:	9.77 kg/m ²
Actual thickness:	12.8 mm
Board code:	1630601 23:52

The surface density was calculated using the actual weight and size of the boards used in the test specimen.

Metal components

- i) Gyproc un-rigidised acoustic studs manufactured from hot dipped galvanised mild steel, 0.5mm thick.
- ii) Gyproc 72C50 channel manufactured from hot dipped galvanised mild steel.

All components supplied by British Gypsum Limited.

Insulation

Nominally 25mm Isowool 1200 glass mineral wool insulation manufactured by British Gypsum- Isover Limited.

Average surface density:	0.46 kg/m ²
Average density:	18.33 kg/m ³

Fasteners

- i) 25mm Gyproc S point screws supplied by British Gypsum Limited.
- ii) 42mm Gyproc S point screws supplied by British Gypsum Limited

Where measurements could not be taken then weight and dimensions were provided by the customer or the manufacturer e.g. from material labelling. Material information was recorded according to procedure MAT/1.

TEST PROCEDURE

The test specimen (3.6 m x 2.4 m) was constructed in a wall dividing two reverberant rooms of approximately 98m³ and 62m³. The accuracy of the test method conforms to BS EN 20140-2:1993, the test procedure used was 140/3 issue 3. Broad-band white noise was used to measure the level differences and broad-band pink noise was used to measure the reverberation times. Third octave band pass filters were used in real time mode. See appendix for further information.

TEST RESULTS

Weighted Airborne Sound Reduction Index

R_w (C; Ctr) = 54 (-3; -7) dB

For full data see pages 7 - 8.

Test conducted in accordance with BS EN ISO 140-3: 1995
Rated in accordance with BS EN ISO 717-1: 1997

LIMITATIONS

The results only relate to the behaviour of the element of construction under the particular conditions of test; they are not intended to be the sole criteria for assessing the potential acoustic performance of the element in use nor do they reflect the actual behaviour.

The specification and interpretation of test methods are the subject of ongoing development and refinement. Changes in associated legislation may also occur. For these reasons it is recommended that the relevance of test reports over 5 years old should be considered by the user. The laboratory that issued the report will be able to offer, on behalf of the legal owner, a review of the procedures adopted for a particular test to ensure that they are consistent with current practices, and if required may endorse the test report.

Customer: **British Gypsum Ltd.**

BTC 11512A: Page 6 of 9

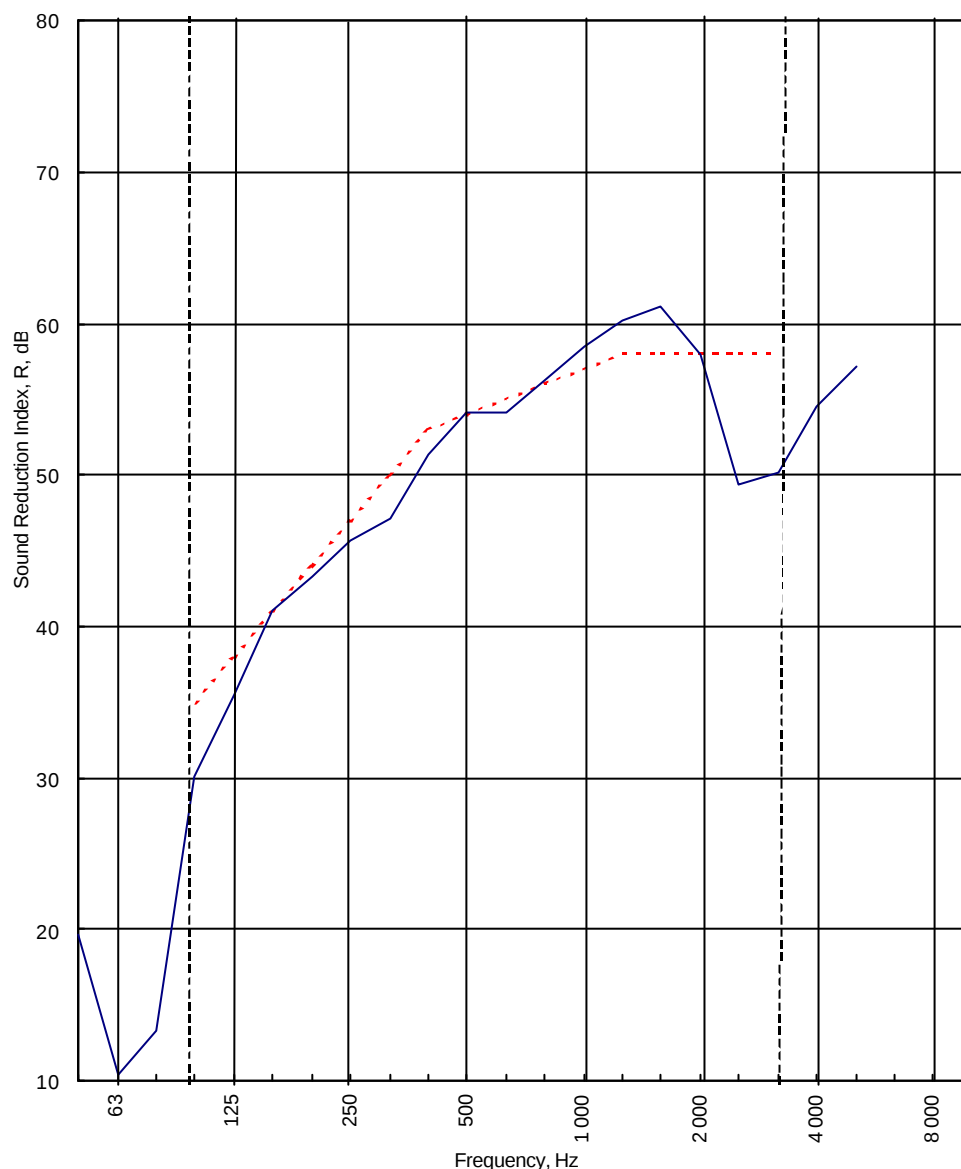


No. 0296

APPENDIX A- TEST DATA

Test Code:
H11512A
Test Date:
04/05/01

Freq. Hz	R dB
50	19.6
63	10.4
80	13.3
100	30.1
125	35.5
160	41.1
200	43.3
250	45.7
315	47.1
400	51.4
500	54.1
630	54.1
800	56.3
1 000	58.5
1 250	60.2
1 600	61.2
2 000	58.0
2 500	49.4
3 150	50.2
4 000	54.5
5 000	57.2
6 300	
8 000	
10 000	



----- Curve of reference values (ISO 717-1)

Rating according to
BS EN ISO 717-1:1997

R_w (C;C_{tr}) = 54 (-3;-7) dB

Max dev. 8.6 dB at 2 500 Hz

Evaluation based on laboratory
measurement results obtained by
an engineering method:

C₅₀₋₃₁₅₀ = **-11 dB**

C₅₀₋₅₀₀₀ = **-10 dB**

C₁₀₀₋₅₀₀₀ = **-2 dB**

C_{tr,50-3150} = **-23 dB**

C_{tr,50-5000} = **-23 dB**

C_{tr,100-5000} = **-7 dB**

Customer: **British Gypsum Ltd.**



LABORATORY AIRBORNE SOUND INSULATION TEST - BS EN ISO 140-3:1995

Test Code: **H11512A**

Test Date: **04/05/01**

Specimen Area, S = **8.64** m²

	Room T2	Room T1
Room Volume, m ³ :	98	62
Temperature, deg.C:	13.5	12.8
Rel. Humidity, %RH:	44.7	46.6

Freq Hz	Test Room T2 to Test Room T1						R dB	U.Dev. dB	R 1/1Oct dB
	Source dB	Rec. (uc) dB	Bgrnd dB	Rec. (corr) dB	Rev.time Sec	Corr. dB			
50	59.2	36.1	15.9	36.1	0.51	-3.5	19.6		
63	60.9	48.8	6.6	48.8	0.78	-1.7	10.4		13.0
80	63.2	44.4	5.2	44.4	0.32	-5.5	13.3		
100	75.3	44.2	16.9	44.2	0.92	-1.0	30.1	4.9	
125	80.7	45.0	4.5	45.0	1.10	-0.2	35.5	2.5	33.5
160	86.4	45.8	9.9	45.8	1.28	0.5	41.1		
200	92.5	49.6	25.0	49.6	1.27	0.4	43.3	0.7	
250	95.5	50.9	13.0	50.9	1.49	1.1	45.7	1.3	45.1
315	95.3	48.7	13.7	48.7	1.28	0.5	47.1	2.9	
400	93.8	42.6	14.4	42.6	1.21	0.2	51.4	1.6	
500	92.0	38.1	12.2	38.1	1.19	0.2	54.1		53.0
630	90.7	36.6	9.8	36.6	1.14	0.0	54.1	0.9	
800	90.8	35.2	9.3	35.2	1.36	0.7	56.3		
1 000	90.4	33.4	10.5	33.4	1.63	1.5	58.5		58.0
1 250	91.9	33.3	6.6	33.3	1.66	1.6	60.2		
1 600	94.4	34.8	7.4	34.8	1.67	1.6	61.2		
2 000	95.9	39.6	6.5	39.6	1.70	1.7	58.0		53.4
2 500	94.2	46.2	5.5	46.2	1.58	1.4	49.4	8.6	
3 150	93.2	43.5	6.6	43.5	1.30	0.5	50.2	7.8	
4 000	92.1	38.4	11.2	38.4	1.38	0.8	54.5		53.0
5 000	90.8	33.9	12.7	33.9	1.23	0.3	57.2		
6 300									
8 000									
10 000									

Single Figure Ratings	Rw	C	Ctr	Total U. Dev., dB	31.2
BS EN ISO 717-1: 1997	dB	dB	dB		
	54	-3	-7		
	(100-5000)	-2	-7		
	(50-3150)	-11	-23		
RT's > factor 1.5 apart					
Tested Serially[] Real Time[]	(50-5000)	-10	-23		

Customer: **British Gypsum Ltd.**

BTC 11512A: Page 8 of 9



No. 0296

APPENDIX B: TEST METHOD AND CONDITIONS

The source room (T2) was treated with six perspex diffusers of approximately 900mm x 1220mm. An omni-directional loudspeaker sound source is placed near a back corner of the source room (T2), rotating at 1 rpm and at least 0.7m from any room boundary to satisfy Annex C of BS EN ISO 140-3: 1995. A stationary loudspeaker sound source is placed in the corner of the receiving room (T1) opposite the test specimen.

The average sound pressure level in each 1/3 octave band was measured using a rotating microphone boom, positioned such that the minimum distance between microphone and sound source was 1m, and between microphone and room boundaries 0.7m. The rotating microphone has a sweep radius of at least 1m and was inclined in relation to the boundaries at an angle of at least 30° to the horizontal. The microphone has a traverse time of 32 seconds, and the sound pressure levels were averaged over 64 seconds which is equivalent to two complete sweeps of the microphone boom.

The equivalent absorption area of the receiving room is determined by producing the arithmetic average of six reverberation times and applying this to the Sabine formula.

The test specimen is installed in the aperture so that it finishes flush with the last timber in room T2 side to eliminate indirect transmission between rooms. The specimen is not installed so that the aperture depth ratio 2:1 is met as recommended in section 5.2.1 of BS EN ISO 140-3:1995. Laboratory tests have shown to prove the insignificance of this installation position on the test results.

The laboratory limit for measurement due to flanking is (BTC H 3306A)

Freq Hz	50	63	80	100	125	160	200	250	315	400	500	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	2500	3150	4000	5000
R'max	32	44	39	55	56	59	64	63	70	77	84	88	91	92	94	97	96	98	96	90	87

Figure 2 below shows flanking and isolation treatments in the test chamber.

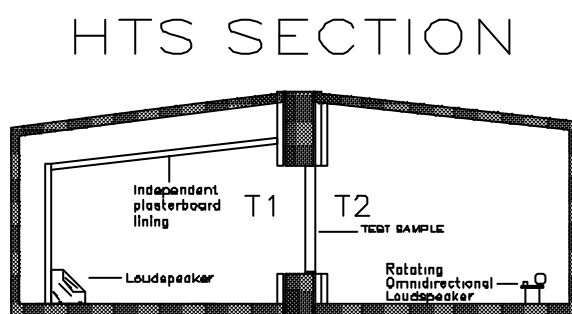


Figure 2. Test Chamber Layout