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Report Number BTC 11152A

ACOUSTIC TEST REPORT COVERING A TEST TO BS EN ISO 140-3:1995 ON A GYPROC 92S55 METAL STUD PARTITION INCORPORATING A SINGLE LAYER 15mm GYPROC SOUNdBLOC BOARD EACH SIDE AND 75mm ISOWOOL 1200 IN THE CAVITY.

Test Date: 7th August 2000

British Gypsum Ltd. Customer:

> East Leake Loughborough Leicestershire LE12 6HX

Customer: British Gypsum Ltd.

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No. 0296SI



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ACOUSTIC TEST REPORT COVERING A TEST TO BS EN ISO 140-3:1995 ON A GYPROC 92S55 METAL STUD PARTITION INCORPORATING SINGLE LAYER 15mm GYPROC SOUNdBLOC BOARDS EACH SIDE.

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FOREWORD

This test report details a sound insulation test conducted on a sheet and stud partition system. The test sponsor was British Gypsum Limited.

The test specimen was installed by British Gypsum Limited. The construction of the specimen took place on the 7hAugust 2000. The Building Test Centre played no role in the design or selection of the materials comprising the test specimen.

REPORT AUTHORISATION

Report Author

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TEST CONSTRUCTION

Gyproc 94C90 channel was screw fixed at 600mm staggered centres to the head and base of the test aperture. Gyproc 92S55 metal studs were located at 600mm centres between the head and base channels and the end studs were screw fixed to the side of the test aperture at 600mm centres.

The framework was clad both sides with a single layer of 15mm Gyproc SoundBloc board. The boards were screw fixed using 25mm Gyproc jackpoint screws at 300mm centres around the perimeter of the board and to the intermediate studs. Three layers of 25mm Isowool 1200 Acoustic Partition roll were placed in the cavity.

The perimeter of the partition was sealed with Gyproc sealant. The board joints and screw heads were covered with adhesive tape.

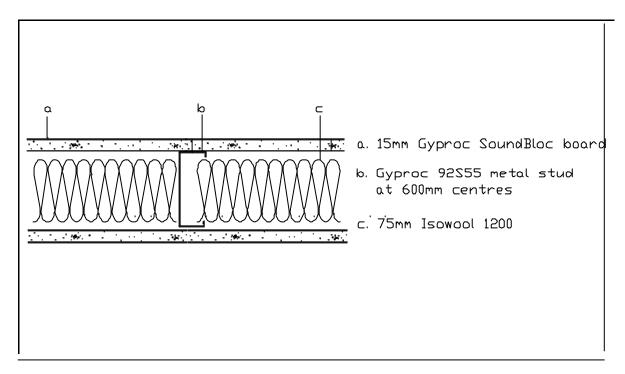


Figure 1. Cross-section through the partition

The descriptions of individual components making up the test specimen were provided by the customer and were checked for accuracy wherever possible.

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TEST MATERIALS

Gyproc SoundBloc

Nominally 2400mm (long) x 1200mm (wide) x 15mm (thick) Gyproc SoundBloc manufactured by British Gypsum Limited ex Kirkby Thore works.

Average surface density: 13.12 kg/m²

Average thickness:

Board code: 271760 1115:52

The surface density was calculated using the actual weight and size of the boards used in the test specimen.

Metal components

- i) Gyproc 92S55 metal stud manufactured from hot dipped galvanised mild steel
- ii) Gyproc 94C90 channel manufactured from hot dipped galvanised mild steel.

All components supplied by British Gypsum Limited.

Fasteners

25mm Gyproc jack point screws supplied by British Gypsum Limited.

Where measurements could not be taken then weight and dimensions were provided by the customer or the manufacturer e.g. from material labelling. Material information was recorded according to procedure MAT/1.

<u>Insulation</u>

Nominally 25mm thick Isowool 1200 glass wool roll manufactured by British Gypsum-Isover Ltd.

Average surface density: 0.44 kg/m² Average density: 17.6kg/m³

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TEST PROCEDURE

The test specimen (3.6 m x 2.4 m) was constructed in a wall dividing two reverberant rooms of approximately 98m³ and 62m³. The accuracy of the test method conforms to BS EN 20140-2:1993, the test procedure used was 140/3 issue 3. Broad-band white noise was used to measure the level differences and broad-band pink noise was used to measure the reverberation times. Third octave band pass filters were used in real time mode. See appendix for further information.

TEST RESULTS

Weighted Airborne Sound Reduction Index

 R_w (C; Ctr) = 52 (-3; -7 dB)

For full data see pages 7 - 8.

Test conducted in accordance with BS EN ISO 140-3: 1995 Rated in accordance with BS EN ISO 717/1: 1997

LIMITATIONS

The results only relate to the behaviour of the element of construction under the particular conditions of test; they are not intended to be the sole criteria for assessing the potential acoustic performance of the element in use nor do they reflect the actual behaviour.

The specification and interpretation of test methods are the subject of ongoing development and refinement. Changes in associated legislation may also occur. For these reasons it is recommended that the relevance of test reports over 5 years old should be considered by the user. The laboratory that issued the report will be able to offer, on behalf of the legal owner, a review of the procedures adopted for a particular test to ensure that they are consistent with current practices, and if required may endorse the test report.

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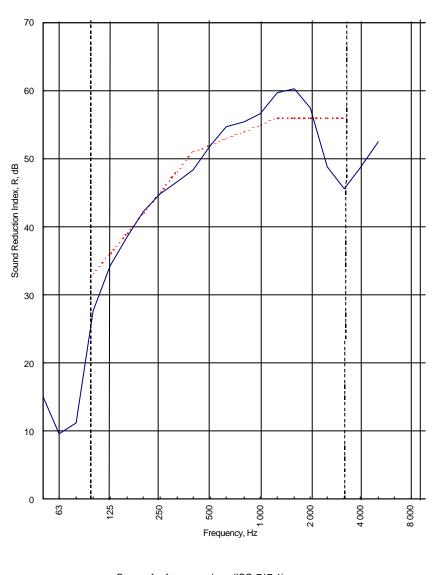
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TEST RESULTS

Test Code:	
Test Code: H11152A	
Test Date:	_
Test Date: 07/08/00	

Freq.	R								
Hz	dB								
50	15.0								
63	9.6								
80	11.3								
100									
125	34.3 38.6								
160	38.6								
200	42.2								
250	44.9								
315	46.6								
400	48.4								
500	27.7 34.3 38.6 42.2 44.9 46.6 48.4 51.9 54.7 55.5 56.6 59.8 60.3 57.5 48.8 45.6								
630	54.7								
800	55.5								
1 000	56.6								
1 250	59.8								
1 600	60.3								
2 000	57.5								
2 500	48.8								
3 150	45.6								
4 000	48.7								
5 000	52.6								
6 300									
8 000									
10 000									



----- Curve of reference values (ISO 717-1)

Rating according to BS EN ISO 717-1:1997	Rw (C;Ctr) = 52 (-3;-7) dB Max dev. 10.4 dB at 3 150 Hz									
Evaluation based on laboratory measurement results obtained by	C ₅₀₋₃₁₅₀ = -11 dB	C ₅₀₋₅₀₀₀ = -10 dB	C ₁₀₀₋₅₀₀₀ = -3 dB							
an engineering method:	C _{tr,50-3150} = -23 dB	C _{tr,50-5000} = -23 dB	C _{tr,100-5000} = -7 dB							

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LABORATORY AIRBORNE SOUND INSULATION TEST - BS EN ISO 140-3:1995

Test Code: H11152A Test Date: 07/08/00

> Room T2 Room T1

Room Volume, m³: Specimen Area, S = 98 62 Temperature, deg.C: 20.3 20.5

		66.5	66.7										
	Test Room T2 to Test Room T1												
Freq	Source	Rec. (uc)	Bgrnd					Corr.	R	U.Dev.	R 1/10ct		
Hz	dB	dB	ďВ		dÈ		Sec	dB	dB	dB	dB		
50	58.2	40.1	17.0		40.1		0.56	-3.1	15.0				
63	60.4	47.8	13.2		47.8		0.58	-3.0	9.6		11.4		
80	63.4	50.6	8.0		50.6		0.81	-1.5	11.3				
100	75.4	47.2	27.3		47.2		1.03	-0.5	27.7	5.3			
125	80.7	46.3	10.5		46.3		1.12	-0.1	34.3	1.7	31.3		
160	87.7	49.2	9.5		49.2		1.18	0.1	38.6	0.4			
200	93.0	51.4	19.8		51.4		1.32	0.6	42.2				
250	95.6	51.7	14.5		51.7		1.45	1.0	44.9	0.1	44.2		
315	95.1	48.8	14.2		48.8		1.24	0.3	46.6	1.4			
400	93.1	44.3	15.1		44.3		1.04	-0.4	48.4	2.6			
500	91.2	40.1	12.7		40.1		1.38	8.0	51.9	0.1	50.9		
630	89.9	36.0	8.8		36.0		1.37	0.8	54.7				
800	90.5	35.9	10.4		35.9		1.40	0.9	55.5				
1 000	90.2	35.1	9.2		35.1		1.61	1.5	56.6		57.0		
1 250	90.7	32.8	8.0		32.8		1.77	1.9	59.8				
1 600	93.5	35.0	8.6		35.0		1.74	1.8	60.3				
2000	94.9	39.1	7.4		39.1		1.71	1.7	57.5		52.8		
2500	93.5	46.2	7.4		46.2		1.64	1.5	48.8	7.2			
3 150	93.0	48.1	9.5		48.1		1.35	0.7	45.6	10.4			
4 000	92.5	44.6	10.9		44.6		1.39	8.0	48.7		48.1		
5 000	89.9	38.1	12.4		38.1		1.37	8.0	52.6				
6300													
8 000													
10 000													
Single Fi	Figure Ratings Rw C Ctr Total U. Dev., d				Dev dB	29.2							
_	SO 717-1: 19	_	dB	dB		dB			,		,		
DO EN IO	0 7 17-1. 18	-	52	-3		-7							
			3 Z	-3		-/							
		(100-5000)	-3		-7							
		(50-3150)	-11		-23							
		(50-5000)	-10	•	-23	Wo	orksheet: MSOFF	ICE\EXCE	L\140\140	_3_1.XLS		

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APPENDIX A: TEST METHOD AND CONDITIONS

The source room (T2) was treated with six perspex diffusers of approximately 900mm x 1220mm. An omni-directional loudspeaker sound source is placed near a back corner of the source room (T2), rotating at 1 rpm and at least 0.7m from any room boundary to satisfy Annex C of BS EN ISO 140-3: 1995. A stationary loudspeaker sound source is placed in the corner of the receiving room (T1) opposite the test specimen.

The average sound pressure level in each 1/3 octave band is measured using a rotating microphone boom, positioned such that the minimum distance between microphone and sound source is 1m and between microphone and room boundaries is 0.7m. The rotating microphone has a sweep radius of at least 1m and is inclined in relation to the boundaries at an angle of at least 30° to the horizontal. The microphone has a traverse time of 32 seconds, and the sound pressure levels are averaged over 64 seconds which is equivalent to two complete sweeps of the microphone boom.

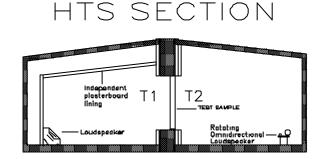
The equivalent absorption area of the receiving room is determined by producing the arithmetic average of six reverberation times and applying this to the Sabine formula.

The test specimen is installed in the aperture so that it finishes flush with the last timber in room T2 side to eliminate indirect transmission between rooms. The specimen is not installed so that the aperture depth ratio 2:1 is met as recommended in section 5.2.1 of BS EN ISO 140-3:1995. Laboratory tests have shown to prove the insignificance of this installation position on the test results.

The laboratory limit for measurement due to flanking is (BTC H 3306A)

Freq Hz	50	63	80	100	125	160	200	250	315	400	500	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	2500	3150	4000	5000
R'max	32	44	39	55	56	59	64	63	70	77	84	88	91	92	94	97	96	98	96	90	87

The figure below show flanking and isolation treatments in the test chamber.



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