

The Building Test Centre
British Gypsum Limited
East Leake
Loughborough
Leics. LE12 6NP

Tel (0115) 945 1564 Fax (0115) 945 1562 email btc.testing@bpb.com

## Report Number BTC 11508A

ACOUSTIC TEST REPORT COVERING A TEST TO BS EN ISO 140-3:1995 ON A GYPROC GYPWALL™ PARTITION CONSISTING OF GYPROC 70mm UNRIGIDISED ACOUSTIC STUDS CLAD EACH SIDE WITH A SINGLE LAYER OF 12.5mm GYPROC SOUNDBLOC BOARD AND 50mm ISOWOOL 1200 IN THE CAVITY.

Test Date: 1st May 2001

Customer: British Gypsum Ltd.

East Leake Loughborough Leicestershire LE12 6HX

Customer: British Gypsum Ltd.

BTC 11508A: Page 1 of 9





The Building Test Centre
British Gypsum Limited
East Leake
Loughborough
Leics. LE12 6NP
Tel (0115) 945 1564
Fax (0115) 945 1562
email btc.testing@bpb.com

ACOUSTIC TEST REPORT COVERING A TEST TO BS EN ISO 140-3:1995 ON A GYPROC GYPWALL™ PARTITION CONSISTING OF GYPROC 70mm UN-RIGIDISED ACOUSTIC STUDS CLAD EACH SIDE WITH A SINGLE LAYER OF 12.5mm GYPROC SOUNDBLOC BOARD AND 50mm ISOWOOL 1200 IN THE CAVITY.

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

FOREWORD	3
REPORT AUTHORISATION	3
TEST CONSTRUCTION	4
TEST MATERIALS	5
Gyproc SoundBloc	5
Metal components	5
Insulation	5
Fasteners	5
TEST PROCEDURE	6
TEST RESULTS	6
LIMITATIONS	6
APPENDIX A: TEST DATA	
APPENDIX R. TEST METHOD AND CONDITIONS	q

Customer: British Gypsum Ltd.

BTC 11508A: Page 2 of 9





The Building Test Centre British Gypsum Limited East Leake Loughborough Leics. LE12 6NP Tel (0115) 945 1564 Fax (0115) 945 1562

email btc.testing@bpb.com

#### **FOREWORD**

This test report details a sound insulation test conducted on a sheet and stud partition system. The test sponsor was British Gypsum Limited.

The test specimen was installed by British Gypsum Limited. The construction of the specimen took place on the 1<sup>st</sup> May 2001.

#### **REPORT AUTHORISATION**

Report Author

Franklin Sanicharane HND, BEng. (Hons.). **Technologist** 

Authorised by

Eur Ing. **Paul Howard** BSc. (Hons.), CEng., MIOA Head of Laboratory

The Building Test Centre will not discuss the content of this report without written permission from the test sponsor. The Building Test Centre retains ownership of the test report content but authorises the test sponsor to reproduce the report as necessary in its entirety only.

Customer: British Gypsum Ltd.

BTC 11508A: Page 3 of 9





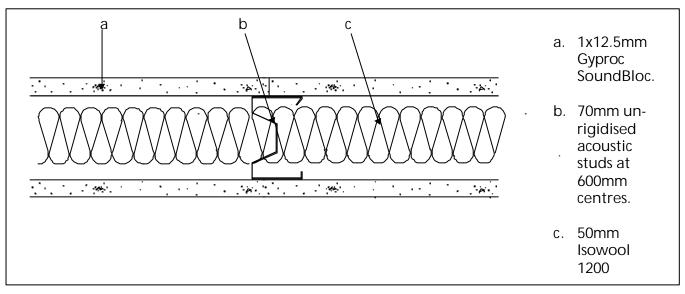
The Building Test Centre
British Gypsum Limited
East Leake
Loughborough
Leics. LE12 6NP
Tel (0115) 945 1564

Fax (0115) 945 1562 email btc.testing@bpb.com

#### **TEST CONSTRUCTION**

Gyproc 72C50 metal channel was screw fixed at 600mm centres to the head and the base of the test aperture using 25mm Gyproc Drywall screws. The un-rigidised Gyproc 70mm acoustic studs were inserted between the head and base channels at 600mm centres. A single layer of 12.5mm Gyproc SoundBloc board was screw fixed to either side of the metal framwork at 300mm centres around the perimeter and to the intermediate studs using 25mm Gyproc Drywall screws. 50mm Gyproc Isowool 1200 was inserted in the cavity.

The perimeter of the partition was sealed to the test aperture with Gyproc sealant. The board joints and screw heads were covered with adhesive tape.



**Figure 1.** Cross-section through the partition.

The descriptions of individual components making up the test specimen were provided by the customer and were checked for accuracy wherever possible.

Customer: British Gypsum Ltd.

BTC 11508A: Page 4 of 9



No. 0296



The Building Test Centre
British Gypsum Limited
East Leake
Loughborough
Leics. LE12 6NP
Tel (0115) 945 1564
Fax (0115) 945 1562

email btc.testing@bpb.com

#### **TEST MATERIALS**

#### Gyproc SoundBloc

Nominally 2400mm (long) x 1200mm (wide) x 12.5mm (thick) Gyproc SoundBloc Board manufactured by British Gypsum Limited ex Kirby Thore works.

Average surface density: 10.63 kg/m<sup>2</sup>
Actual thickness: 12.8 mm
Board code: 27022117:19

The surface density was calculated using the actual weight and size of the boards used in the test specimen.

#### Metal components

- i) Un-rigidised 70mm Gyproc acoustic studs manufactured from hot dipped galvanised mild steel 0.5mm thick.
- ii) Gyproc 72C50 channel manufactured from hot dipped galvanised mild steel.

All components supplied by British Gypsum Limited.

#### Insulation

Nominally 50mm Isowool 1200 glass mineral wool insulation manufactured by British Gypsum-Isover Limited.

Average surface density: 0.67 kg/m³ Average density: 13.49 kg/m³

#### **Fasteners**

i) 25mm Gyproc S point screws supplied by British Gypsum Limited.

Where measurements could not be taken then weight and dimensions were provided by the customer or the manufacturer e.g. from material labelling. Material information was recorded according to procedure MAT/1.

Customer: British Gypsum Ltd.

BTC 11508A: Page 5 of 9





The Building Test Centre
British Gypsum Limited
East Leake
Loughborough
Leics. LE12 6NP
Tel (0115) 945 1564
Fax (0115) 945 1562
email btc.testing@bpb.com

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The test specimen (3.6 m x 2.4 m) was constructed in a wall dividing two reverberant rooms of approximately 98m³ and 62m³. The accuracy of the test method conforms to BS EN 20140-2:1993, the test procedure used was 140/3 issue 3. Broad-band white noise was used to measure the level differences and broad-band pink noise was used to measure the reverberation times. Third octave band pass filters were used in real time mode. See appendix for further information.

#### **TEST RESULTS**

Weighted Airborne Sound Reduction Index

 $R_w$  (C; Ctr) = 49 (-3; -10) dB

For full data see pages 7 - 8.

Test conducted in accordance with BS EN ISO 140-3: 1995 Rated in accordance with BS EN ISO 717-1: 1997

#### **LIMITATIONS**

The results only relate to the behaviour of the element of construction under the particular conditions of test; they are not intended to be the sole criteria for assessing the potential acoustic performance of the element in use nor do they reflect the actual behaviour.

The specification and interpretation of test methods are the subject of ongoing development and refinement. Changes in associated legislation may also occur. For these reasons it is recommended that the relevance of test reports over 5 years old should be considered by the user. The laboratory that issued the report will be able to offer, on behalf of the legal owner, a review of the procedures adopted for a particular test to ensure that they are consistent with current practices, and if required may endorse the test report.

Customer: British Gypsum Ltd.

BTC 11508A: Page 6 of 9

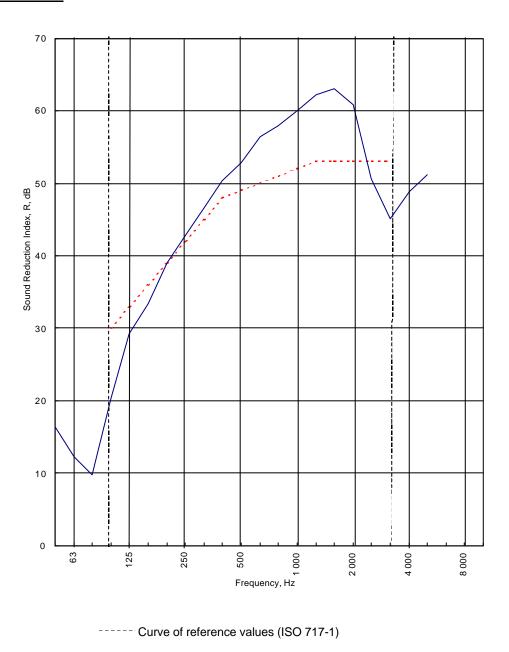


No. 0296

## **APPENDIX A- TEST DATA**

Test Code:	
Test Code: H11508A	
Test Date:	
01/05/01	

Freq.	R							
Hz	dB							
50	16.4							
63	12.2							
80	9.7							
100	20.4							
125								
160	29.2 33.3 39.0 42.7 46.6 50.4 52.8 56.4 58.0							
200	39.0							
250	42.7							
315	46.6							
400	50.4							
500	52.8							
630	56.4							
800	58.0							
1 000	60.0							
1 250	62.2							
1 600	63.0							
2 000	60.9							
2 500	60.0 62.2 63.0 60.9 50.6							
3 150	45.1							
4 000	48.8							
5 000	51.2							
6 300								
8 000								
10 000								



Rating according to BS EN ISO 717-1:1997	Rw (C;Ctr) Max dev. 9.6 dB at 10	= 49 (-3;-10) c	IB
Evaluation based on laboratory measurement results obtained by	$C_{50-3150} = -9 dB$	C <sub>50-5000</sub> = <b>-8 dB</b>	C <sub>100-5000</sub> = <b>-2 dB</b>
an engineering method:	$C_{tr,50-3150} = -20 \text{ dB}$	C <sub>tr,50-5000</sub> = <b>-20 dB</b>	C <sub>tr,100-5000</sub> : <b>-10 dB</b>

 $\hbox{\it Customer: {\bf British\ Gypsum\ Ltd.}}$ 

BTC 11508A: Page 7 of 9



# LABORATORY AIRBORNE SOUND INSULATION TEST - BS EN ISO 140-3:1995

Test Code: **H11508A** Test Date: **01/05/01** 

Room T2 Room T1

62

Specimen Area, S = **8.64** m<sup>2</sup> Room Volume, m<sup>3</sup>: **98** 

Temperature, deg.C: 14 14 Rel. Humidity, %RH: 51 43

					R					
Freq	Source	Rec. (uc)	Bgrnd	F	Rec. (corr)	Rev.tir		R	U.Dev.	1/1Oct
Hz	dB	dB	dB		dB	Sec		dB	dB	dB
50	57.6	37.2	15.6		37.2	0.46		16.4		
63	61.0	46.5	11.1		46.5	0.67		12.2		12.0
80	62.5	50.9	11.6		50.9	0.74		9.7		
100	74.0	52.8	25.9		52.8	0.96		20.4	9.6	
125	79.3	50.4	9.5		50.4	1.23		29.2	3.8	24.4
160	85.5	51.1	7.7		51.1	0.90		33.3	2.7	
200	91.8	53.5	24.7		53.5	1.34		39.0		
250	95.4	53.5	16.8		53.5	1.37		42.7		41.7
315	95.4	49.0	14.6		49.0	1.20		46.6		
400	93.7	43.2	15.0		43.2	1.11		50.4		
500	91.8	39.1	12.3		39.1	1.17		52.8		52.6
630	90.7	35.1	11.0		35.1	1.38		56.4		
800	91.1	34.1	9.3		34.1	1.46		58.0		
1 000	90.6	31.9	11.0		31.9	1.56		60.0		59.7
1 250	91.9	31.6	7.3		31.6	1.78		62.2		
1 600	94.4	33.4	8.5		33.4	1.81		63.0		
2 000	96.0	36.8	8.6		36.8	1.68		60.9		54.8
2 500	94.2	45.0	6.1		45.0	1.57		50.6	2.4	
3 150	93.0	48.5	6.6		48.5	1.33		45.1	7.9	
4 000	92.1	43.8	10.1		43.8	1.30		48.8		47.6
5 000	90.9	39.9	11.8		39.9	1.20	0.2	51.2		
6 300										
8 000										
10 000										
Single Fi	gure Rating	ıs F	Rw	C	(	Ctr	Total U. I	Dev., dB	26.4	
	O 717-1: 19					dB		- o , u <u>-</u>		ļ
DO EN IO	0 /1/-1: 19			dB -3						
		4	49		-	10				
		(1	(100-5000)			10				
		(5	(50-3150)		-2	20				
		(5	50-5000)	-8	-2	20				

Customer: British Gypsum Ltd.

BTC 11508A: Page 8 of 9



#### **APPENDIX B: TEST METHOD AND CONDITIONS**

The source room (T2) was treated with six perspex diffusers of approximately 900mm x 1220mm. An omni-directional loudspeaker sound source is placed near a back corner of the source room (T2), rotating at 1 rpm and at least 0.7m from any room boundary to satisfy Annex C of BS EN ISO 140-3: 1995. A stationary loudspeaker sound source is placed in the corner of the receiving room (T1) opposite the test specimen.

The average sound pressure level in each 1/3 octave band was measured using a rotating microphone boom, positioned such that the minimum distance between microphone and sound source was 1m, and between microphone and room boundaries 0.7m. The rotating microphone has a sweep radius of at least 1m and was inclined in relation to the boundaries at an angle of at least 30° to the horizontal. The microphone has a traverse time of 32 seconds, and the sound pressure levels were averaged over 64 seconds which is equivalent to two complete sweeps of the microphone boom.

The equivalent absorption area of the receiving room is determined by producing the arithmetic average of six reverberation times and applying this to the Sabine formula.

The test specimen is installed in the aperture so that it finishes flush with the last timber in room T2 side to eliminate indirect transmission between rooms. The specimen is not installed so that the aperture depth ratio 2:1 is met as recommended in section 5.2.1 of BS EN ISO 140-3:1995. Laboratory tests have shown to prove the insignificance of this installation position on the test results.

The laboratory limit for measurement due to flanking is (BTC H 3306A)

Freq Hz	50	63	80	100	125	160	200	250	315	400	500	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	2500	3150	4000	5000
R'max	32	44	39	55	56	59	64	63	70	77	84	88	91	92	94	97	96	98	96	90	87

Figure 2 below shows flanking and isolation treatments in the test chamber.

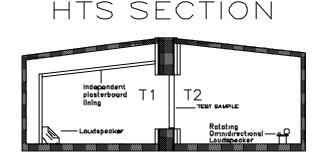


Figure 2. Test Chamber Layout

Customer: British Gypsum Ltd.

BTC 11508A: Page 9 of 9

