# The Building Test Centre The Building Test Centre British Gypsum East Leake Loughborough

### Fire Acoustics Structures

#### The Building Test Centre

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#### Report Number BTC 20123A

An acoustic test report covering laboratory sound insulation testing to BS EN ISO 10140-2:2010 on a British Gypsum GypWall Robust partition clad with a single layer of 15mm Gyproc DuraLine each side with 75mm Isover Acoustic Slab insulation in the cavity. (ultraembossed Stud).

Test date: 14th June 2017

Report issued date: 14th June 2017

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Customer: British Gypsum

East Leake Loughborough Leicestershire LE12 6HX

Customer: British Gypsum

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#### **FOREWORD**

The test sponsor was British Gypsum.

The test specimen was installed by Karl Negus and Tony Clark on the 14<sup>th</sup> June 2017.

The Building Test Centre played no role in the design or selection of the materials comprising the test specimen.

#### REPORT AUTHORISATION

Report Author

**Jack Marriott** BSc(Hons) Scientist

Authorised by

Mark Shortland

M postland

**James Lucas** 

Senior Scientist

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#### **TEST REPORT AMENDMENTS**

Page	Ar	Date	
Report Amendments Author		Amendments Author	ised by
Name		Name	
Role		Role	

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#### **TEST CONSTRUCTION**

The test specimen was constructed in an aperture having an overall opening of 2400mm (high) x 3600mm (wide).

Gypframe 72DC60 Deep Flange Floor and Ceiling Channels were fixed to the head and base of the test aperture at 600mm centres using 25mm British Gypsum Drywall Screws.

Gypframe 70S50 'C' Studs were positioned between the head and base channels at each end of the aperture and fixed using 25mm British Gypsum Drywall Screws spaced at 600mm centres.

Gypframe 70S50 'C' Studs were positioned between the head and base channels at 600mm centres.

75mm Isover Acoustic Slab insulation was placed within the stud cavity.

The framework was clad with a single layer of 15mm Gyproc DuraLine each side.

The boards were screw fixed around the perimeter of the board and the intermediate stud positions at 300mm centres using 25mm British Gypsum Drywall Screws.

All vertical joints were staggered between layers. All joints and screw heads were taped and the perimeter was taped and sealed with Gyproc Sealant.

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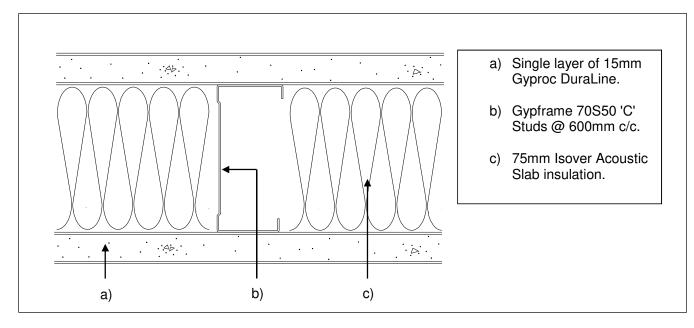


Figure 1. Horizontal cross section view

The descriptions of individual components making up the test specimen were provided by the customer and were checked for accuracy wherever possible.

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#### **TEST MATERIALS**

#### **Plasterboard**

Nominally 2400mm (long) x 1200mm (wide) x 15mm (thick) Gyproc DuraLine manufactured i) by British Gypsum, ex Kirkby Thore.

> Surface density: 14.6kg/m<sup>2</sup> Average thickness: 15.2mm

Board Code: 26 129 17 04:44

26 129 17 04:44 26 129 17 04:43

The surface densities were calculated using the actual weight and size of a selection of the boards used in the test specimen.

Material dimensions were supplied by the customer.

#### Insulation

i) Nominally 75mm thick Isover Acoustic Slab insulation supplied by British Gypsum.

> 7.20m<sup>2</sup> Average area Average weight 10.56kg Density 19.56kg/m<sup>3</sup>

The density was calculated using the actual weight and size of the insulation used in the test specimen.

Material dimensions were supplied by the customer.

#### Metal Components

- 0.5mm thick Gypframe 70S50 'C' Studs.
- ii) 0.6mm thick Gypframe 72DC60 Deep Flange Floor and Ceiling Channels

All metal components are manufactured from galvanised mild steel using the 'UltraSTEEL' process and supplied by British Gypsum.

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#### **Fasteners**

25mm British Gypsum Drywall Screws.

All fasteners supplied by British Gypsum.

#### Miscellaneous Components

- Gyproc Sealant supplied by British Gypsum.
- ii) Joint tape supplied by The Building Test Centre.

Where measurements could not be taken, then weight and dimensions were provided by the customer or the manufacturer e.g. from material labelling. Material information was recorded according to procedure AP070 vs 1.0.

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#### **TEST RESULTS**

Test Code	Description	Weighted Airborne Sound Reduction Index R <sub>w</sub> (C; Ctr)
H20123AA	Single layer of 15mm Gyproc DuraLine each side on Gypframe 70S50 'C' Studs with 75mm Isover Acoustic Slab insulation in the cavity.	50 (-3;-9) dB

For full data see Appendix A of this report.

Test conducted in accordance with BS EN ISO 10140-2:2010 except for Clause A.2 in BS EN ISO 10140-4:2010 where minimum distances for measurements at frequencies under 100Hz cannot be met.

Bated in accordance with BS EN ISO 717-1: 2013.

No visible damage of the test specimen occurred during test.

Testing to BS EN ISO 10140-2:2010 conforms to the requirements of BS EN ISO 140-3:1995 (withdrawn).

Where the uncertainty of measured values is stated, (e.g. temperature, relative humidity and static pressure) the reported expanded uncertainty is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor k=2, providing a coverage probability of approximately 95%. The uncertainty evaluation has been carried out in accordance with UKAS requirements.

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The test specimen (3.6 m x 2.4 m) was constructed in a wall dividing two reverberant rooms of approximately 98m³ and 62m³. The accuracy of the test method conforms to BS EN 20140-2:1993, the test procedure used is detailed in the test data in Appendix A of this report. Broad-band white noise was used to measure the level differences and broad-band pink noise was used to measure the reverberation times. Third octave band pass filters were used in real time mode. See appendix B for further information.

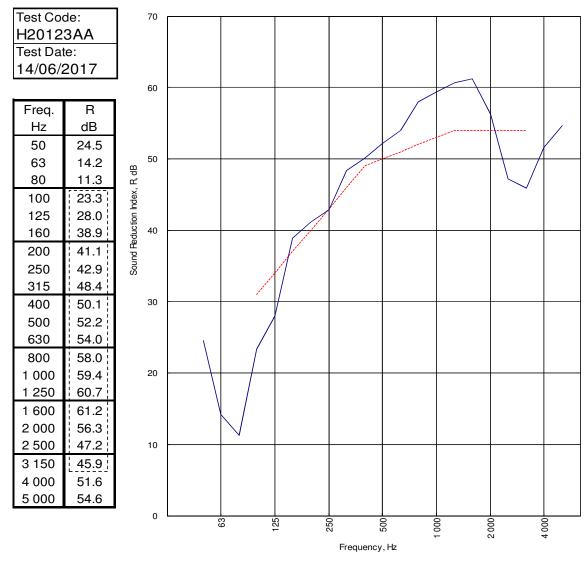
#### **LIMITATIONS**

The results only relate to the behaviour of the element of construction under the particular conditions of test; they are not intended to be the sole criteria for assessing the potential acoustic performance of the element in use nor do they reflect the actual behaviour.

Customer: British Gypsum

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#### **APPENDIX A - TEST DATA**



-- Curve of reference values (ISO 717-1)

Rating according to BS EN ISO 717-1:2013	Rw (C;Ctr) = 50 (-3;-9) dB Max dev. 8.1 dB at 3 150 Hz					
Evaluation based on laboratory measurement results obtained by	$C_{50-3150} = -8 dB$	C <sub>50-5000</sub> = <b>-7 dB</b>	C <sub>100-5000</sub> = <b>-2 dB</b>			
an engineering method:	C <sub>tr,50-3150</sub> = <b>-19 dB</b>	C <sub>tr,50-5000</sub> = <b>-19 dB</b>	C <sub>tr,100-5000</sub> : <b>-9 dB</b>			

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#### LABORATORY AIRBORNE SOUND INSULATION TEST - BS EN ISO 10140-2:2010

Test Code: **H20123AA** Test Date: **14/06/2017** 

Room T2 Room T1

Specimen Area,  $S = 8.64 \text{ m}^2$  Room Volume,  $m^3$ : 98 60.12

Temperature, deg.C: 19.1 19.5  $\pm$  0.3 Rel. Humidity, %RH: 65 64.5  $\pm$  1.6 Static Pressure, Pa: 101100 101100  $\pm$  65

Test Room T2 to Test Room T1										R	
Freq	Source	Rec. (uc)	Bgrnd	R	ec. (corr)	Re	ev.time	e Corr.	R	U.Dev.	1/1Oct
Hz	dB	dB	dB		dB		Sec	dB	dB	dB	dB
50	59.7	34.7	27.5		33.8		0.80	-1.4	24.5		
63	61.9	46.3	23.1		46.3		0.80	-1.4	14.2		14.1
80	70.7	57.9	12.5		57.9		0.79	-1.5	11.3		
100	77.7	53.5	10.7		53.5		0.91	-0.9	23.3	7.7	
125	103.2	75.3	8.7		75.3		1.14	0.1	28.0	6.0	26.7
160	83.7	45.7	7.3		45.7		1.36	0.9	38.9		
200	87.8	48.4	13.5		48.4		1.64	1.7	41.1		
250	89.5	48.8	3.5		48.8		1.84	2.2	42.9	0.1	43.2
315	89.6	43.0	5.1		43.0		1.69	1.8	48.4		
400	88.1	39.4	15.6		39.4		1.52	1.4	50.1		
500	87.0	35.9	4.9		35.9		1.45	1.1	52.2		51.8
630	85.6	33.0	4.6		33.0		1.54	1.4	54.0		
800	86.4	29.9	3.1		29.9		1.56	1.5	58.0		
1 000	86.3	28.6	10.5		28.6		1.66	1.7	59.4		59.2
1 250	86.8	27.8	3.4		27.8		1.66	1.7	60.7		
1 600	89.6	30.1	3.4		30.1		1.64	1.7	61.2		
2 000	91.5	36.7	4.1		36.7		1.58	1.5	56.3		51.3
2 500	90.4	44.3	3.0		44.3		1.44	1.1	47.2	6.8	
3 150	89.6	44.5	3.6		44.5		1.34	0.8	45.9	8.1	
4 000	90.4	39.8	7.5		39.8		1.39	1.0	51.6		49.2
5 000	95.5	41.7	10.2		41.7		1.33	0.8	54.6		
6 300											
8 000											
10 000											
Single Fi	Figure Ratings Rw C Ctr Total U. De		Dev., dB	28.7							
-	6O 717-1: 20	-	dB dB dB			•					
DO LIVIO	00 7 17-1. 20	713		-3		-9					
			50	-3		-9					
		(	(100-5000)	-2		-9					
Background Corrected (50-3		(50-3150)	-8	-	-19						
							Ī	Procedure: AP 04	3 vs 5.2		
		(	(50-5000)	-7	-	-19	,	Worksheet: 140_3	_1.XLS		

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#### **APPENDIX B - TEST METHOD AND CONDITIONS**

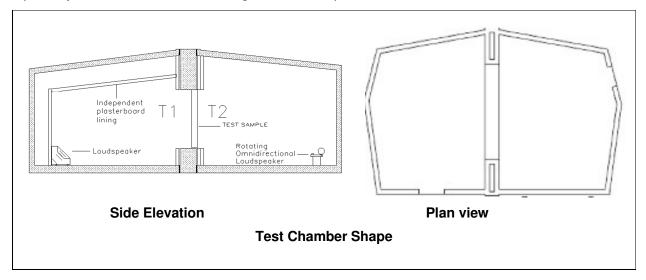
#### Method

The average sound pressure level in each 1/3 octave band is measured using a rotating microphone boom, positioned such that the minimum distance between microphone and sound source is 1m and between microphone and room boundaries is 0.7m. The rotating microphone has a sweep radius of at least 1m and is inclined in relation to the boundaries at an angle of at least 30° to the horizontal. The microphone has a traverse time of 32 seconds, and the sound pressure levels are averaged over 64 seconds which is equivalent to two complete sweeps of the microphone boom.

The equivalent absorption area of the receiving room is determined by producing the arithmetic average of twelve reverberation times and applying this to the Sabine formula.

#### Test Chamber Layout

The test suite is constructed to be as independent from the surround building as is physically possibly in order to minimise flanking transmission paths.



The source room (T2) contains two perspex diffusers of approximately 900mm x 1220mm. Panel absorbers are used to ensure reverberation times in source room (T2) are between one and two seconds at all frequencies at and above 100 Hz. An omni-directional loudspeaker sound source is placed near a back corner of the source room (T2), rotating at 1 rpm and at least 0.7m from any room boundary. A stationary loudspeaker sound source is placed in the corner of the receiving room (T1) opposite the test specimen.

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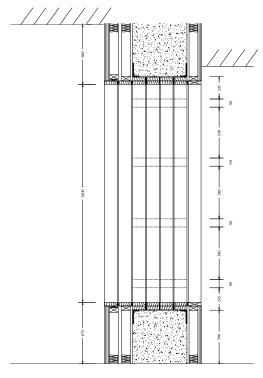
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#### Mounting

The BTC has a solid concrete frame which has been additionally lined to give improved reduction of flanking transmission. This is in order to ensure that, as far as possible, lab limits will not restrict the real performance measurement of just the test specimen.

Recommendations for installation position within the niche are given in our Installation Guidance Document. Details of actual installation position are held by the BTC in the Test Report folder.



Cross section of test aperture

#### Lab Limits

The laboratory limit for measurement due to flanking is (combined BTC 11709A, BTC13562EA, BTC 15829A and BTC 19792A).

Freq Hz 50 63 80 100 125 160 200 250 315 400 500 630 800 1000 1250 1600 2000 2500 3150 4000 5000 R<sub>Tmax</sub> 45.0 46.9 58.5 62.4 62.9 67.7 71.2 77.2 84.2 92.0 97.7 101.5 103.8 97.6 102.4 104.8 101.8 102.9 98.7 96.4 96.3

#### **Uncertainties for test**

The uncertainties values for test are taken from ISO 12999-1 situation B situ standard deviation.

Freq 800 2000 5000 63 80 100 125 160 200 250 315 400 500 630 1000 1250 1600 2500 3150 4000 Standard 4.0 3.6 3.2 2.8 2.2 2.4 2.0 1.8 1.6 1.2 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.3 1.6 1.9 1.1 Rw + CRw + Ctr Descriptor Rw (100-3150) (100-3150) (100-5000) (100-5000) (50-3150) (50-3150) (50-5000) (50-5000)Standard 0.9 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.0 1.3 1.1 1.0 Uncertainty

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