The information contained in this report is not intended to convey the complete and detailed fixing and/or application requirements of British Gypsum or other suppliers' materials. For full specification details, please consult the latest relevant Company trade literature

Acoustics Test Report Number

1230

Date

11/02/88

LABORATORY AIRBORNE SOUND INSULATION MEASUREMENTS ON A 132mm GYPROC METAL STUD PARTITION WITH 25mm GYPGLAS 1200 IN THE CAVITY.

Test carried out for

## BRITISH GYPSUM LTD, MARKETING DEPT.

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Acoustics test report - Confidential

Test code

H367.25

Date tested

10 Feb, 1988

Type of test

AIRBORNE SOUND INSULATION

Tested in accordance with

BS 2750 AND ISO 140

## 1. CONSTRUCTION TESTED

132 mm Gyproc metal stud partition with 25 mm Gypglas 1200 glass wool mat in the cavity

comprising:

- \* 2 x 15 mm Gyproc wallboard
- \* 70 mm Gyproc 70855 metal studs at 600 mm centres
- \* 25 mm Gypglas 1200 glass wool mat
- \* 2 x 15 mm Gyproc wallboard

Joints filled and perimeter scaled.

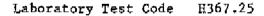
See Appendix 1 for construction schedule and Appendix 2 for details of the airborne sound insulation test procedure.

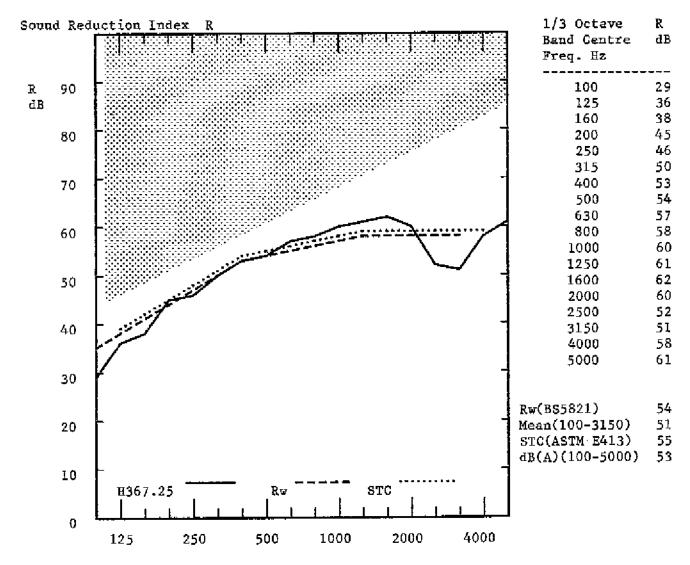
## 2. RESULTS

The result sheet overleaf gives the tabulated sound reduction indices and the principal single figure ratings in addition to the plotted spectrum, the BS 5821:1984 curve and the ASTM E413 curve.

The result calculated to BS 5821:1984 is:

Weighted Sound Reduction Index Rw = 54 (BS 5821)





1/3 Octave Band Centre Frequency Hz

Note: The lower edge of the shaded region approximates to the maximum sound reduction index that can be measured in this laboratory. A measured curve which lies in the shaded region will be an underestimate of the performance

of the construction.

RESULT SHEET

### APPENDIX 1

## CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE

Test specimen erected within a timber lined aperture between two reverberation rooms in the Acoustics Research and Testing Laboratory, British Gypsum Research and Development Department.

Test aperture dimensions: 2400 mm high x 3600 mm wide.

## Component List

Floor/ceiling channel: Gyproc 72C55 Metal studs : Gyproc 70S55

Glass wool infil : 25 mm Gypglas 1200 (0.41 kg/m<sup>2</sup>)

Wallboard : 15 mm Gyproc wallboard (12.62 kg/m²)

Gyproc Jointex Gyproc Joint Tape Gyproc Sealant

#### Metal Stud Partition Construction Details:

Channels screw-fixed to the head and base of the aperture lining at 600 mm centres.

Studs located between channels at 600 mm centres. The end stude screw-fixed to the aperture lining at 600 mm centres.

The glass wool mat placed between the stude in the cavity.

A double layer of wallboard fixed to both sides of the frame; the base layer fixed with Gyproc Drywall screws at 300 mm centres around the perimeter of each board and the second layer, starting with a half-width board fixed with screws around the perimeter at 300 mm centres and at 300 mm centres along all studs.

The joints between wallboard filled with Gyproc Jointex and reinforced with Gyproc joint tape.

The perimeters sealed with Gyproc Sealant.

Product specification and furthur application details are available in the British Gypsum White Book.

#### APPENDIX 2

### HORIZONIAL TEST SULTE - ATRIBORNE SOUND INSULATION

Test method to BS 2750:1980 Part III, ISO 140 Part III and ASTM E90-83. The test rooms are approximately  $109~\mathrm{m}^2$  in volume and the test specimen is  $2.4~\mathrm{m} \times 3.6~\mathrm{m}$ . The level difference at a given 1/3 octave band centre frequency is obtained by measuring the difference in mean sound pressure levels between rooms when one room contains a loudspeaker emitting band limited pink noise. The mean sound pressure level is estimated from the average of the spatial intensities measured within the room. The Sound Reduction Index R for the test specimen is obtained by the addition of the term  $10~\log_{10}~\mathrm{S/A}$  to the level difference where S is the area of the test specimen and A is the equivalent absorption in the receiving room.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

With the following test method, the measurement of the sound reduction index of a test specimen neets the requirements of BS 2750:1980 Part II and ISO 140 Part II in terms of repeatability:

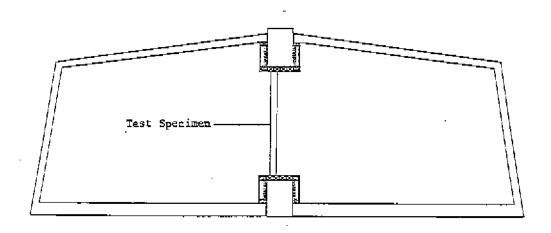
Four randomly placed stationary microphones to sample sound pressure levels in each room — Four reverberation time measurements (at different microphone locations) — The sound reduction index is measured in both directions and the mean result reported.

### EXPRESSION OF RESULTS

The Sound Reduction Index R over the 1/3 octave band centre frequency range  $100-5000~\rm Hz$  is presented in tabular and graphical form. Four single figure ratings are given; the arithmetic wean of the sixteen spectral values over the range  $100-3150~\rm Hz$ , i.e Mean R, The Weighted Sound Reduction Index R, evaluated in accordance with BS 5821:1984, the Sound Transmission Class STC evaluated in accordance with ASIM E413 and the single figure rating in dB(A) as used in France.

#### TEST EQUIPMENT

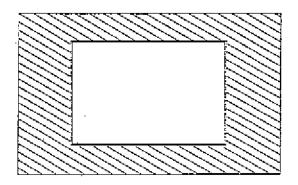
Norwegian Electronics Sound Insulation Measuring System Type 823 controlled by a Hewlett Packard 9836 microcomputer with Norwegian Electronics Microphone Multiplexers Type 827 with Bruel and Kjær Type 4166/2619 microphones.



Section through Horizontal Test Suite

#### Room Dimensions

Mean Height \* 3.6 m Mean Width \* 6.0 m Mean Depth \* 5.0 m Volume \* 109 m



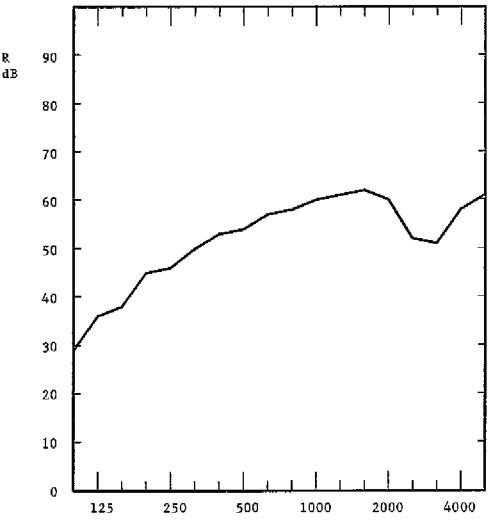
Elevation of Test Aperture (2.4 m x 3.6 m)

# ACOUSTIC TEST DATA SHEET

Laboratory Test Code

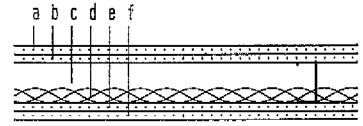
H367.25

Sound Reduction Index R



1/3 Octave Band Centre Frequency Hz

Rw = 54 Mean = 51 STC = 55 dB(A) = 53



## 132mm Gyproc Metal Stud Partition

- a. 15mm Gyproc wallboard
- b. 15mm Gyproc wallboard
- c. Gyproc 70855 metal studs
- d. 25mm Gypglas 1200
- e. 15mm Gyproc wallboard
- f. 15mm Gyproc wallboard

This data sheet presents the results of LABORATORY sound insulation tests on the partition under ideal conditions. When the partition is used in a building to divide reams the result is affected by the surrounding structure. In order to achieve the optimum sound insulation in the reference imperative that the surrounding structure is considered. The partition will achieve its maximum sound insulation so long as sound cannot find a weaker path from the source room to the receiving room. There must be no leakage path under, over or at the sides of the partition. The introduction of doors, windows or other departures from the specified partition construction may also reduce the sound insulation. Continuous floorboards under the partition or continuous timber joists over the partition may be a weak path as may blockwork. Park walls. In the absence of flooking theraphission the isopropary floorance is continuous timber to the fire if DaTw when the receiving room is 30 m² in volume with a common wall area of 10 m². When the room sizes vary from this, the ratings differ from each other slightly depending on the layout. Further advice can be obtained from British Gypsum's Technical Advisory Service if recuired.



Research & Development Department East Leake Loughborough Leidestershire LE12 6JQ

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Project Manager (Acoustics)



# Addendum To BGATR 1230

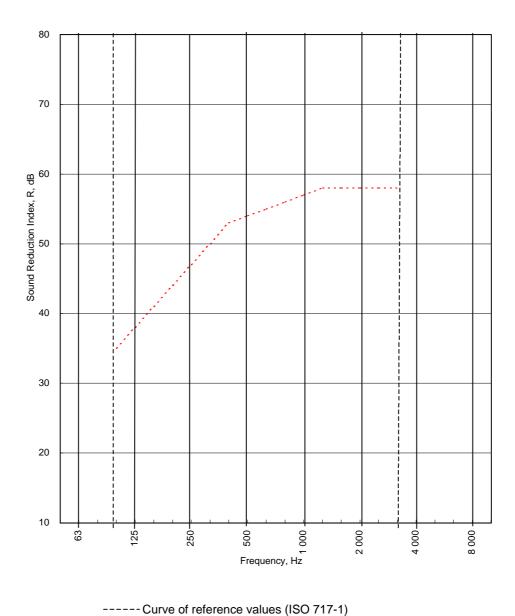
# Ctr CALCULATION

The Building Test Centre
British Gypsum Limited
East Leake
Loughborough
Leics. LE12 6NP
Tel (0115) 945 1564
Fax (0115) 945 1562
email btc.testing@bpb.com
web site www.btconline.co.uk

									R
Freq	Source	Rec. (uc)	Bgrnd	Rec. (corr)	Rev.tim		R	U.Dev.	1/1Oct
Hz	dB	dB	dB	dB	Sec	dB	dB	dB	dB
50 63									
80									
100							29.0	6.0	
125							36.0	2.0	
160							38.0	3.0	
200							45.0	4.0	
250 315							46.0 50.0	1.0	
400							53.0		
500							54.0		
630							57.0		
800							58.0		
1 000							60.0		
1 250 1 600							61.0 62.0		
2 000							60.0		
2 500							52.0	6.0	
3 150							51.0	7.0	
4 000							58.0		
5 000 6 300							61.0		
8 000									
10 000									
Single Fi	gure Rating	gs R\	N	C C	tr	Total U. D	ev dB	25	
_	SO 717-1: 1	•			B				
DO LIVIO	70 717 1. 1.	54 54			7				
			•	_		Calculated By:_Fran	ıklin Sanic	harane	
						Checked By: Bob	Allen		
Rw +	-Ctr = 4	7				Test Standard: BS	2750: Part	3: 1980	
	-					Test Procedure: 27	50/3 issue	4	
						Worksheet: ctr calc	ulation.xls		
μ					1				

Test Code:	
Test Date:	

Freq.	R
Hz	dB
50	
63	
80	
100	29.0
125	l
160	36.0 38.0
200	45.0
250	46.0
315	50.0
400	53.0
500	54.0
630	57.0
800	58.0
1 000	60.0
1 250	61.0
1 600	62.0
2 000	60.0
2 500	52.0
3 150	51.0
4 000	58.0
5 000	61.0
6 300	
8 000	
10 000	



Rating according to RW (C;Ctr) = 54 (-2;-7) dB BS EN ISO 717-1:1997 Max dev. dB at Hz Evaluation based on laboratory  $C_{50-3150}$ = dB  $C_{50-5000}$ = dB  $C_{100-5000}$ = dB measurement results obtained by an engineering method:  $C_{tr,50-3150}$ = dB  $C_{tr,50-5000}$ = dB  $C_{tr,100-5000}$ : dB