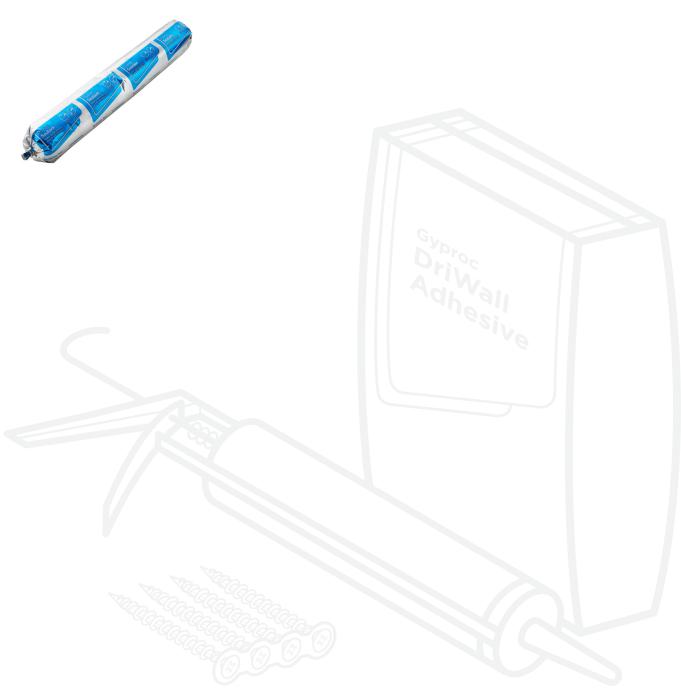


Safety Data Sheet







SAFETY DATA SHEET

Gyproc Sealant

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name Gyproc Sealant

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Uses advised against No specific uses advised against are identified.

Sealant.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier	British Gypsum East Leake Loughborough
	Leicestershire LE12 6HX UK T: +44 (0) 115 945 6123 E: bgtechnical.enquiries@bpb.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone	+44 (0) 115 945 6123
	8:30am - 5:00pm Monday - Friday (GMT)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture		
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		
Physical hazards	Not Classified	
Health hazards	Not Classified	
Environmental hazards	Not Classified	
Human health	The product contains a small amount of sensitising substance. May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.	
2.2. Label elements		
Hazard statements	EUH208 Contains 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, Reaction mass of: 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4- isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.	
Precautionary statements	P102 Keep out of reach of children.	
Biocide Labelling	Contains preservatives C(M)IT/MIT (3:1) and BIT to prevent microbial deterioration.	
2.3. Other hazards		

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

CAS number: 14808-60-7 EC number: 238-878-4 Substance with National workplace exposure limits. Classification Not Classified 0.01 - 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one 0.01 - CAS number: 2634-33-5 EC number: 220-120-9 M factor (Acute) = 1 Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Classification- Reaction mass of: 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one <0.0 [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) CAS number: 651-341-5 CAS number: 55965-84-9 EC number: 611-341-5 M factor (Acute) = 100 M factor (Chronic) = 100 Classification Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 2 - H310 Acute Tox. 2 - H310 Acute Tox. 2 - H310 Skin Sens. 1A - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Skin Sens. 1A - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400	SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients		
CAS number: 14808-60-7 EC number: 238-878-4 Substance with National workplace exposure limits. Classification Not Classified 0.01 - 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one 0.01 - CAS number: 2634-33-5 EC number: 220-120-9 M factor (Acute) = 1 Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Classification- Reaction mass of: 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one <0.0 [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) CAS number: 651-341-5 CAS number: 55965-84-9 EC number: 611-341-5 M factor (Acute) = 100 M factor (Chronic) = 100 Classification Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 2 - H310 Acute Tox. 2 - H310 Acute Tox. 2 - H310 Skin Sens. 1A - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Skin Sens. 1A - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400	3.2. Mixtures		
Substance with National workplace exposure limits. Classification Not Classifie 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one CAS number: 2634-33-5 EC number: 220-120-9 M factor (Acute) = 1 Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Acute Tox. 4 - H300 Reaction mass of: 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) CAS number: 55965-84-9 EC number: 611-341-5 M factor (Acute) = 100 Classification Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 2 - H310 Acute Tox. 4 - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410 The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.	Quartz (SiO2)		0.1 - <1%
Classification Not Classified 0.01 - 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one CAS number: 2634-33-5 EC number: 220-120-9 M factor (Acute) = 1 0 Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 EC number: 220-120-9 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Secondary 2 - Secon	CAS number: 14808-60-7	EC number: 238-878-4	
Not Classified 0.01 CAS number: 2634-33-5 EC number: 220-120-9 M factor (Acute) = 1 Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Classification Reaction mass of: 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one <0.01	Substance with National workplace	e exposure limits.	
CAS number: 2634-33-5 EC number: 220-120-9 M factor (Acute) = 1 Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Irtt. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Classification Reaction mass of: 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) CAS number: 55965-84-9 EC number: 611-341-5 M factor (Acute) = 100 M factor (Chronic) = 100 Classification Acute Tox. 2 - H301 Acute Tox. 2 - H310 Acute Tox. 2 - H310 Acute Tox. 2 - H310 Skin Sens. 1A - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H410 The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.			
M factor (Acute) = 1 Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Irit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Reaction mass of: 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) CAS number: 55965-84-9 EC number: 611-341-5 M factor (Acute) = 100 M factor (Chronic) = 100 Classification Acute Tox. 2 - H301 Acute Tox. 2 - H310 Acute Tox. 2 - H310 Acute Tox. 2 - H310 Skin Sens. 1A - H317 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1A - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410 The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.	1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one		0.01 - <0.05%
Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Irit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Reaction mass of: 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) CAS number: 55965-84-9 EC number: 611-341-5 M factor (Acute) = 100 M factor (Chronic) = 100 Classification Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 2 - H310 Acute Tox. 2 - H310 Acute Tox. 2 - H318 Skin Sens. 1A - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410	CAS number: 2634-33-5	EC number: 220-120-9	
Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Reaction mass of: 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) CAS number: 55965-84-9 EC number: 611-341-5 M factor (Acute) = 100 M factor (Chronic) = 100 Classification Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 2 - H330 Skin Corr. 1C - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1A - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410 The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.	M factor (Acute) = 1		
[EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) CAS number: 55965-84-9 EC number: 611-341-5 M factor (Acute) = 100 M factor (Chronic) = 100 Classification Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 2 - H310 Acute Tox. 2 - H330 Skin Corr. 1C - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1A - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410 The full text for all hazard statements is blayed in Section 16.	Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317		
M factor (Acute) = 100 M factor (Chronic) = 100 Classification Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 2 - H310 Acute Tox. 2 - H330 Skin Corr. 1C - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1A - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410 The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.	[EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-Methyl-4		<0.0015%
Classification Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 2 - H310 Acute Tox. 2 - H330 Skin Corr. 1C - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1A - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410 The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.	CAS number: 55965-84-9	EC number: 611-341-5	
Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 2 - H310 Acute Tox. 2 - H330 Skin Corr. 1C - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1A - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410 The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.	M factor (Acute) = 100	M factor (Chronic) = 100	
The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.	Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 2 - H310 Acute Tox. 2 - H330 Skin Corr. 1C - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1A - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400		
SECTION 4: Einst sid massures	The full text for all hazard statemen	ts is displayed in Section 16.	
JEUTION 4. FIISLAID IIIBASUIBS	SECTION 4: First aid measures		

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information	Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Inhalation	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.

Ingestion Skin contact	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use an approved skin cleanser. In the event of any sensitisation symptoms developing, ensure further exposure is avoided. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing. If adhesive bonding occurs, do not	
Eye contact	force skin apart. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing. If adhesive bonding occurs, do not force eyelids apart.	
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.	
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed	
General information	See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.	
Inhalation	No specific symptoms known. Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.	
Ingestion	No specific symptoms known. May cause discomfort if swallowed.	
Skin contact	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.	
Eye contact	May cause temporary eye irritation.	
4.3. Indication of any immedia	te medical attention and special treatment needed	
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.	
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	sures	
5.1. Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire- extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.	
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture		
Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.	
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours. Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Hydrocarbons.	
5.3. Advice for firefighters		
Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak.	

Special protective equipmentWear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective
clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets,
protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Immiscible with water. Aquatic toxicity is unlikely to occur. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment. Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills
	immediately and dispose of waste safely. Small Spillages: Wipe up with an absorbent cloth
	and dispose of waste safely. Large Spillages: Absorb spillage with non-combustible,
	absorbent material. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled
	material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the
	containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon
	as possible. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with
	a spillage. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions	Keep out of the reach of children. Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.
7.2. Conditions for safe sto	prage, including any incompatibilities
Storage precautions	Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep only in the original container.

autions Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Protect from freezing and direct sunlight.

Storage class

Unspecified storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s)

The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Di-isononyl phthalate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 5 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 15 mg/m³

Quartz (SiO2)

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 6 mg/m³ inhalable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 2.4 mg/m³ respirable dust [Listed as: Silica, amorphous]

Quartz (SiO2)

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 0.1 mg/m³ respirable dust [Listed as: Silica, respirable crystalline] WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.
Eye/face protection	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
Other skin and body protection	Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.
Hygiene measures	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.

Respiratory protection	No specific requirements are anticipated under normal conditions of use. Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly.
Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties	
Appearance	Paste. Liquid.
Colour	White.
Odour	Characteristic.
Odour threshold	No information available.
рН	No information available.
Melting point	No information available.
Initial boiling point and range	> 34°C
Flash point	> 100°C
Evaporation rate	No information available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No information available.
Vapour pressure	2.3 kPa
Vapour density	No information available.
Relative density	1.68
Solubility(ies)	Immiscible with water.
Partition coefficient	No information available.
Auto-ignition temperature	No information available.
Decomposition Temperature	No information available.
Viscosity	No information available.
Explosive properties	Not considered to be explosive.
Oxidising properties	Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.
9.2. Other information	
Volatile organic compound	6.3 g/L / 0.27%
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity	

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity

See the other subsections of this section for further details.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No potentially hazardous reactions known.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	Avoid freezing.
10.5. Incompatible materials	
Materials to avoid	No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.
10.6. Hazardous decompositi	on products
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours. Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Hydrocarbons.
SECTION 11: Toxicological ir	nformation
11.1. Information on toxicolog	jical effects
Acute toxicity - oral	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - inhalation Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin corrosion/irritation Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Serious eye damage/irritation	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Respiratory sensitisation	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitisation Summary	The product contains a small amount of sensitising substance. May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity -	- single exposure
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity -	- repeated exposure

Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Aspiration hazard Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	No specific symptoms known. Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.
Ingestion	No specific symptoms known. May cause discomfort if swallowed.
Skin contact	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.
Eye contact	May cause temporary eye irritation.
Route of exposure	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
Target organs	No specific target organs known.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one

Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD ₅₀ mg/kg)	490.0
Species	Rat
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	Harmful if swallowed.
ATE oral (mg/kg)	490.0
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	LD₅₀ >2000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rat
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Animal data	Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/irritation	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye damage.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Sensitising.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Gene mutation: Negative.
Genotoxicity - in vivo	DNA damage and/or repair: Negative.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Two-generation study - NOAEL 112 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat P
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 69 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat

Reaction mass of: 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)

Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	64.0
Species	Rat
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	Toxic if swallowed.
ATE oral (mg/kg)	64.0
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	87.12
Species	Rat
Notes (dermal LD ₅₀)	Toxic in contact with skin.
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	87.12
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅ dust/mist mg/l)	0.171
Species	Rat
Notes (inhalation LC ₅₀)	Fatal if inhaled.
ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l)	0.171
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Animal data	Dose: 0.5 mL, 4 hours, Rabbit Corrosive to skin.
Serious eye damage/irritatio	on
Serious eye damage/irritation	Dose: 0.1 mL, 7 days, Rabbit Causes serious eye damage.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Local Lymph Node Assay (LLNA) - Mouse: Sensitising.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Chromosome aberration: Negative.
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity	NOEL 300 ppm, Oral, Rat
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Two-generation study - NOAEL 30 ppm, Oral, Rat P
Reproductive toxicity - development	Maternal toxicity: - LOAEL: 28 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat Embryotoxicity:, Teratogenicity: - NOAEL: >= 19.6 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 16.3 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat NOAEL 0.34 mg/m³, Inhalation, Rat

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity		garded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have dous effects on the environment.
12.1. Toxici	ty	
Acute aqua	tic toxicity	
Summary	Based	on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Chronic aqu	uatic toxicity	
Summary	Based	on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Ecological i	nformation on ingredients.	
		1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one
	Toxicity	Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
	Acute aquatic toxicity	
	LE(C)50	0.1 < L(E)C50 ≤ 1
	M factor (Acute)	1
	Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 2.15 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
	Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 2.9 mg/l, Daphnia magna
	Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC₅₀, 72 hours: 0.11 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata NOEC, 72 hours: 0.04 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
	Acute toxicity - microorganisms	EC₅₀, 3 hours: 12.8 mg/l, Activated sludge
	Reaction mass of: 5-Ch	oro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)
	Toxicity	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	Acute aquatic toxicity	
	LE(C)₅₀	0.001 < L(E)C50 ≤ 0.01
	M factor (Acute)	100
	Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 0.19 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
	Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 0.16 mg/l, Daphnia magna
	Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC₅₀, 72 hours: 6.3 µg/l, Skeletonema costatum
	Acute toxicity - microorganisms	EC₅₀, 3 hours: 4.5 mg/l, Activated sludge

Chronic aquatic toxicity

	NOEC	0.0001 < NOEC ≤ 0.001	
	Degradability	Non-rapidly degradable	
	M factor (Chronic)	100	
	Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage	NOEC, 35 days: >= 46.4 µg/l, Brachydanio rerio (Zebra Fish)	
	Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	NOEC, 21 days: 0.1 mg/l, Daphnia magna	
12.2. Persis	tence and degradability		
Persistence	and degradability The deg	radability of the product is not known.	
Ecological i	nformation on ingredients.		
		1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	
	Phototransformation	Air - DT₅₀ : 7.568 hours	
	Stability (hydrolysis)	pH4 - DT₅₀ : 219 days @ 50°C pH9 - DT₅₀ : 145 days @ 50°C	
	Biodegradation	Water - Degradation 85%: 63 days	
	Reaction mass of: 5-Chlor	o-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one	
		[EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	
	Biodegradation	Water - Degradation 62%: 29 days Readily biodegradable but failing the 10-day window.	
12.3. Bioac	cumulative potential		
Bioaccumul	ative potential No data	available on bioaccumulation.	
Partition co	efficient No inform	mation available.	
Ecological i	nformation on ingredients.		
		1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	
	Bioaccumulative potential	BCF: 6.62, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill)	
	Partition coefficient	Water - log Pow: -0.9 - 0.99 @ 20°C	
	Reaction mass of: 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one		
[EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)			
	Bioaccumulative potential	BCF: 41 - 54, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill)	
	Partition coefficient	Pow: 0.326, 2.519	
12.4. Mobili	ty in soil		
Mobility	The proc	duct is insoluble in water.	
Ecological information on ingredients.			
	1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one		
	Adsorption/desorption coefficient	Log Koc: 0.97	

Surface tension 72.6 mN/m @ 20°C Reaction mass of: 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) Surface tension 73 mN/m @ 19.5°C 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment Results of PBT and vPvB This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB. assessment Ecological information on ingredients. 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment Reaction mass of: 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria. assessment 12.6. Other adverse effects Other adverse effects None known. **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations** 13.1. Waste treatment methods General information The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous. **Disposal methods** Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Waste packaging should be collected for reuse or recycling. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. **SECTION 14: Transport information**

General

The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).

14.1. UN number

Not applicable.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

No transport warning sign required.

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture		
National regulations	Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended). The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"]. EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.	
EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015. Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).	
Restrictions (Annex XVII Regulation 1907/2006)	Entry number: 52 [CAS No. 28553-12-0]	

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	 ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways. RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air. IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service. ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate. LC₅₀: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population. LD₅₀: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose). EC₅₀: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration. PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.
Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008	EUH208: Calculation method.
Training advice	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.
Document code	BG-SDS-306
Revision comments	This is the first issue.
Revision date	09/01/2020
Revision	01
SDS number	9117
Hazard statements in full	 H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H310 Fatal in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H330 Fatal if inhaled. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH208 Contains 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, Reaction mass of: 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

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